## Exercise 1.4

Construct a normally distributed random variable Z on the infinite coin-toss probability space  $(\Omega_{\infty}, \mathcal{F}_{\infty}, \mathbb{P}_{\infty})$ . Define a sequence of random variables  $Z_n$  such that

$$\lim Z_n(\omega) = Z(\omega) \text{ for each } \omega \in \Omega_{\infty}.$$

## Proof

For  $\omega \in \Omega_{\infty}$ , denote

$$Y_n(\omega) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \omega_n = H \\ 0 & \text{if } \omega_n = T \end{cases}$$

Denote

$$Z = N^{-1} \left( \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{Y_k}{2^k} \right)$$

We have that

$$\mathbb{P} (a \le Z \le b) = \mathbb{P} (N(a) \le N(Z) \le N(b))$$
$$= \mathbb{P} (N(a) \le X \le N(b))$$
$$= N(b) - N(a)$$

Last step follows from Exercise 1.2.5. Thus Z is normally distributed over  $(\Omega_{\infty}, \mathcal{F}_{\infty}, \mathbb{P}_{\infty})$ . Denote

$$Z_n = N^{-1} \left( \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{Y_k}{2^k} \right)$$

Clearly,  $\lim Z_n(\omega) = Z(\omega)$  for each  $\omega \in \Omega_{\infty}$ .