## Exercise 2.6

Let  $\Omega = \{a, b, c, d\}$ . Define

$$\mathbb{P}(a) = \frac{1}{6}, \quad \mathbb{P}(b) = \frac{1}{3}, \quad \mathbb{P}(c) = \frac{1}{4}, \quad \mathbb{P}(d) = \frac{1}{4}$$

Moreover,

$$\begin{aligned} X(a) &= 1, \quad X(b) = 1, \quad X(c) = -1, \quad X(d) = -1, \\ Y(a) &= 1, \quad Y(b) = -1, \quad Y(c) = 1, \quad Y(d) = -1 \end{aligned}$$

Set Z = X + Y. Write down  $\sigma(X)$  and compute  $\mathbb{E}[Z|X], \mathbb{E}[Y|X]$ . Verify that  $\mathbb{E}[Z|X] - \mathbb{E}[Y|X] = X$ .

## Proof

Besides  $\Omega$  and  $\emptyset$ , the following two atoms belong to  $\sigma(X)$ 

$$\{X=1\}=\{a,b\}, \quad \{X=-1\}=\{c,d\}.$$

We have that

$$\mathbb{E}[Z|X=1] = \sum_{i=1}^{n} z f_{Z|X}(z|1) dz$$
$$= 2 \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{1}{2}} + 0 \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$
$$= \frac{2}{3}$$

Also

$$\mathbb{E}[Z|X = -1] = \sum z f_{Z|X}(z|-1) dz$$
  
=  $0 \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{2}} - 2 \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{2}}$   
=  $-1$ 

Next,

$$\mathbb{E}[Y|X=1] = \sum y f_{Y|X}(y|1) dy$$
  
=  $1 \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{6}}{\frac{1}{2}} - 1 \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{\frac{1}{2}}$   
=  $\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}$   
=  $-\frac{1}{3}$ 

Finally,

$$\mathbb{E}[Y|X = -1] = \sum y f_{Y|X}(y|-1) dy$$
  
=  $1 \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{2}} - 1 \cdot \frac{\frac{1}{4}}{\frac{1}{2}}$   
=  $0$ 

Therefore,

$$\mathbb{E}[Z|X=1] - \mathbb{E}[Y|X=1] = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = 1 = \mathbb{E}[X|X=1]$$
$$\mathbb{E}[Z|X=-1] - \mathbb{E}[Y|X=-1] = -1 - 0 = -1 = \mathbb{E}[X|X=-1]$$

Putting pieces together,

$$\mathbb{E}[Z|X=x] - \mathbb{E}[Y|X=x] = x.$$

This is expected as  $\mathbb{E}[Z|X=x] - \mathbb{E}[Y|X=x] = \mathbb{E}[X|X=x] = x$  or  $\mathbb{E}[Z|X] - \mathbb{E}[Y|X] = X$ .