

Exercise 2.7

Let Y be an integrable random variable on a probability space $(\Omega, \mathcal{F}, \mathbb{P})$. Let \mathcal{G} be a sub- σ -algebra of \mathcal{F} and let X be an arbitrary \mathcal{G} -measurable random variable. Show that

$$\text{Var}(Y - \mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}]) \leq \text{Var}(Y - X)$$

Proof

Define $\mu := \mathbb{E}(Y - X)$. We have that

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(Y - X) &= \mathbb{E}(Y - X - \mu)^2 \\ &= \mathbb{E}((Y - \mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}]) + (\mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}] - X - \mu))^2 \\ &= \mathbb{E}(Y - \mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}])^2 + \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}] - X - \mu)^2 + 2\mathbb{E}\left[\underbrace{(\mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}] - X - \mu)}_{:=Z_1} \underbrace{(Y - \mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}])}_{:=Z_2}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Since Z_1 is \mathcal{G} -measurable, it holds that

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}[Z_1 Z_2 | \mathcal{G}] &= Z_1 \mathbb{E}[Z_2 | \mathcal{G}] \\ &= Z_1 (\mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}] - \mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}]) \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Thus, $\mathbb{E}[Z_1 Z_2] = \mathbb{E}[\mathbb{E}[Z_1 Z_2 | \mathcal{G}]] = 0$. Continuing,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var}(Y - X) &= \mathbb{E}(Y - \mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}])^2 + \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}] - X - \mu)^2 \\ &\geq \mathbb{E}(Y - \mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}])^2 \\ &= \text{Var}(Y - \mathbb{E}[Y|\mathcal{G}]). \end{aligned}$$

The proof is complete.