## Exercise 8.7

Suppose that f(x) and g(x) are convex functions. Show that

$$h(x):=\max\{f(x),g(x)\}$$

is also convex.

## Proof

Let  $x_1, x_2$  and  $\lambda \in [0, 1]$ . We have that

$$\lambda \underbrace{\max\{f(x_1), g(x_1)\}}_{\geq f(x_1)} + (1-\lambda) \underbrace{\max\{f(x_2), g(x_2)\}}_{\geq f(x_2)} \geq \lambda f(x_1) + (1-\lambda)f(x_2)$$
$$\geq f(\lambda x_1 + (1-\lambda)x_2)$$

Similarly

$$\lambda \underbrace{\max\{f(x_1), g(x_1)\}}_{\geq g(x_1)} + (1-\lambda) \underbrace{\max\{f(x_2), g(x_2)\}}_{\geq g(x_2)} \geq \lambda g(x_1) + (1-\lambda)g(x_2)$$
$$\geq g(\lambda x_1 + (1-\lambda)x_2)$$

Thus,

$$\lambda \max\{f(x_1), g(x_1)\} + (1-\lambda) \max\{f(x_2), g(x_2)\} \ge \max\{f(\lambda x_1 + (1-\lambda)x_2), g(\lambda x_1 + (1-\lambda)x_2)\} = h(\lambda x_1 + (1-\lambda)x_2)$$

In other words,

$$\lambda h(x_1) + (1-\lambda)h(x_2) \ge h(\lambda x_1 + (1-\lambda)x_2).$$

h is therefore convex.